WATER QUALITY REPORT 2021

HOUSTON WATER QUALITY REPORT | JAN - DEC 2021

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) requires that all drinking water suppliers provide a Drinking Water Quality Report to their customers on an annual basis.

This annual water quality report includes important information regarding drinking water. For assistance in English, please call 311.

Este reporte incluye información importante sobre el agua para tomar. Para asistencia en español, favor de llamar al 311.

Bảng Báo Cáo Chất Lượng Nước hàng năm này cung cấp thông tin về nước uống. Để được trợ giúp bằng tiếng Việt, xin vui lòng gọi số 311.

Ce rapport annuel sur la Qualité de l'Eau fournit des informations sur l'eau potable. Pour de l'assistance en français, appelez le 311.

ب لاصتالا ءاجر لا ،ةيبر علا ةغللاب ةدعاسملل برشلا هايم صخت تامولعم للع يوتحي هايملا ةدوج ريرق ت311

這份「水質年度報告」提供飲用水方面的資訊。如需中文協助,請撥 311.

The City of Houston delivers drinking water of the highest quality through six community public water systems.



WATER SOURCES

Customers of Houston Water Main Public water system receive their drinking water from three surface water purification plants and 39 ground water plants. 16 additional groundwater plants provide for the remaining five Houston Public water systems: Kingwood, Willow Chase, District 73, District 82, and Belleau Woods. The City of Houston treats drinking water according to federal and state standards to remove harmful contaminants.

The sources of drinking water nationwide (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and can be polluted by animals or human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.

- inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.

- pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses.

- organic chemicals, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.

- radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The Food and Drug Administration establishes limits for contaminants in bottled water that must provide the same protection for public health.

Contaminants may be found in drinking water that may cause taste, color, or odor problems. These types of problems are not necessarily causes for health concerns. For concerns with taste, odor or color of drinking water, contact 311 or email <u>waterquality@houstontx.gov.</u>

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800.426.4791).

UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS

Unregulated contaminants do not have EPA-established drinking water standards. The purpose of monitoring these contaminants is to assist the EPA in determining if future regulation is warranted. The next round of UCMR sampling will be in 2023. For more information visit <u>epa.gov/dwucmr</u>.

SPECIAL NOTICE

Some people may be more vulnerable to certain microbial contaminants such as Cryptosporidium, in drinking water. Infants, some elderly or immunocompromised persons such as those undergoing chemotherapy for cancer; those who have undergone organ transplants; those who are undergoing treatment with steroids; and people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from a physician or health care provider. Additional guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800.426.4791).

ARSENIC

Some of Houston's drinking water contains low levels of arsenic, which is below state and federal action levels. EPA's standard balances arsenic's possible health effects against the costs of removing it from drinking water. EPA continues to research the health effects of low levels of arsenic, which is a mineral known to cause cancer in humans at high concentrations and is linked to other health effects such as skin damage and circulatory problems.

LEAD

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and inhome plumbing. The City of Houston is responsible for providing high quality drinking water but cannot control the variety of materials used in in-home plumbing components. When water in your home plumbing has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for one to two minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800.426.4791) or at epa.gov/safewater/lead. Houston Water is conducting a survey to offer free water testing for qualified homes that may have lead and copper pipes. Determine if you qualify for free lead and copper tap water testing at surveymonkey.com/r/leadcopper.

WATER LOSS

The Infrastructure Leak Index (ILI) measures the efficiency of water loss control efforts. It is calculated by taking the real losses (water lost due to leaks) and dividing them by the unavoidable real losses, the theoretical level of minimum leakage calculated by American Water Works Association Standards. Houston Water's ILI is based on the combination of all six community public water systems. In 2021, Houston Water's ILI was 7.03.

PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

There are many opportunities for public participation. Information on Houston City Council meetings is available at **houstontx.gov/citysec**.

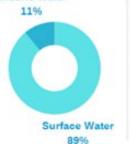
To find out more about Houston Water Education & Outreach visit <u>https://www.publicworks.houstontx.gov/waterconservation</u> or <u>https://www.publicworks.houstontx.gov/protect-our-pipes</u>.

CONTACT US

Questions about this report or your water quality? Please email <u>waterquality@houstontx.gov</u> or call 311 (713.837.0311) and ask to speak with a member of the Water Quality team.

MAIN SYSTEM | TX1010013

Ground Water





San Jacinto River (Lake Conroe & Lake Houston) Trinity River (Lake Livingston)

CROUND WATER SOURCE

103 Wells (Evangeline & Chicot Aquifers) at depths greater than 750 feet



Parameter/Substance (units)	Highest Level Allowed	ldeal Goal (EPA's		Detections	
(sampled in 2021 unless noted)	(EPA's MCL) (EPA's MCL)		Minimum	Average	Maximum
	MONITORED AT WAT	TER PLANTS			
Arsenic ¹ (ppb)	10	0	ND	1.8	5.3
Atrazine (ppb)	3	3	ND	0.1	0.6
Barium (ppm)	2	2	0.04	0.13	0.35
Combined Radium (pCi/L)	5	0	ND	1.3	2.5
Combined Uranium (ppb)	30	0	ND	2	11
Cyanide (ppb)	200	200	ND	54	140
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate (ppb)	6	0	ND	0.1	2
Ethylbenzene (ppb)	700	700	ND	0.1	1
Fluoride (ppm)	4	4	ND	0.2	0.4
Gross Alpha (pCi/L)	15	0	ND	6.9	15.1 ²
Gross Beta (pCi/L)	50	0	ND	1	7
Nitrate (ppm)	10	10	ND	0.2	0.6
Selenium (ppb)	50	50	ND	0.3	4.5
Simazine (ppb)	4	4	ND	0.02	0.1
Toluene (ppb)	1,000	1,000	ND	0.04	1
Turbidity (NTU)	(TT) 95% of monthly samples ≤ 0.3 NTU	NA	Lowest Monthly Percentage ≤ 0.3 NTU: 98.9% Highest Single Measurement: 0.49 NTU		.9%

Turbidity has no health effects; however, turbidity can interfere with disinfection and provide a medium for microbial growth. Turbidity may indicate the presence of disease-causing organisms. These organisms include bacteria, viruses, and parasites that can cause symptoms such as nausea, cramps, diarrhea, and associated headaches.

Xylenes, Total (ppb)	10,000	10,000	ND 0.3		5	
	MONITORED IN DISTRIB	UTION SYSTE	M			
Chloramines (Disinfectant) (ppm)	4.0 (MRDL)	<4.0 (MRDLG)	0.05	3.1	4.65	
Haloacetic Acids (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA) <60 NA		Highest LRAA: 27 ppb Individual sample results range from not detected to 34 ppb.			
Total Trihalomethanes (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA) <80	NA	Highest LRAA: 38 ppb Individu sample results range from not detected to 52 ppb.			
	MONITORED AT CUS	TOMER TAP				
Lead (ppb)	AL = 90% below 15 ppb		90% below 3.4 ppb Three samples above 15 p			
Copper (ppm)			90% below 0.1 ppm No samples above 1.3			

MAIN SYSTEM | TX1010013

	SECONDARY STANDARDS			
			Detections	\$
Parameter/Substance (units)	Recommended Levels (SMCL)	Minimum	Average	Maximum
Aluminum (ppm)	0.2	ND	0.1	1.6
Chloride (ppm)	250	22	42	174
Copper (ppm)	1	ND	0.01	0.08
Fluoride (ppm)	2	ND	0.2	0.4
Iron (ppm)	0.3	ND	0.1	1
Manganese (ppm)	0.05	ND	0.01	0.07
pH (su)	6.5 - 8.5	6.6	7.7	9.7
Sulfate (ppm)	250	5	22	44
Total Dissolved Solids (ppm)	500	75	243	480
Total Hardness as CaCO3 (ppm)	NA	38	127	215
Zinc (ppm)	5	ND	0.01	0.07
	UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS ³			
Parameter/Substance (units)	Dates Monitored	Minimum	Average	Maximum
O-Toluidine (ppb)	Jan – Dec 2019	ND	0.01	0.01
Germanium (ppb)	Jan – Dec 2019	ND	0.6	2
Manganese (ppb)	Jan – Dec 2019	ND	8	49
Bromide (ppb)	Jan – Dec 2019	ND	228	3130
HAA5 (ppb)	Jan – Dec 2019	0.35	30	76
HAA6Br (ppb)	Jan – Dec 2019	ND	7	13
HAA9 (ppb)	Jan – Dec 2019	0.35	36	81
Total Organic Carbon (ppb)	Jan – Dec 2019	ND	6790	18800
Anatoxin-A (ppb)	Jan – Dec 2019	ND	0.13	0.40

Notes

- **1** For more background information regarding Arsenic please refer to page 4.
- 2 One Gross Alpha result was above the 15 (pCi/L) MCL in 2021. This sample point has increased to quarterly sampling for four (4) consecutive quarters.
- 3 For more information regarding Unregulated Contaminants please refer to page 4.

Kingwood | TX1010348



Ground Water

100%

CROUND WATER SOURCE

16 Wells (Evangeline & Chicot Aquifers) at depths greater than 750 feet



AVERACE DAILY WATER PRODUCED

6.83M gallons



10070					
Parameter/Substance (units)	Highest Level	Ideal Goal		Detectio	าร
(sampled in 2021 unless noted)	Allowed (EPA's MCL)	(EPA's MCLG)	Minimum	Average	Maximum
		T WATER PLANTS			
Arsenic (ppb) ¹ 2020 ²	10	0	ND	0.9	2
Barium (ppm) 2020 ²	2	2	0.25	0.28	0.35
Combined Uranium (ppb) 2020 ²	30	0	ND	0.8	2
Ethylbenzene (ppb)	700	700	ND	1	7
Fluoride (ppm) 2020 ²	4	4	0.11	0.13	0.15
Gross Alpha (pCi/L) 2020 ²	15	0	3	3.2	3.3
Nitrate (ppm)	10	10	ND	0.02	0.08
Toluene (ppb)	1,000	1,000	ND	0.8	3.8
Xylenes, Total (ppb)	10,000	10,000	ND	9	44
	MONITORED IN DI	STRIBUTION SYST	EM		
Chlorine (Disinfectant) (ppm)	4.0 (MRDL)	<4.0 (MRDLG)	1	1.4	2.4
Haloacetic Acids (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA) <60	NA	Highest LRAA: 3 ppb. Individual sample results range from not detected to 7.6 ppb.		
Total Trihalomethanes (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA) <80	NA	Highest LRAA: 9 ppb. Individual sample results range from not detected to 15.7 ppb.		
	MONITORED A	T CUSTOMER TAP			
Lead (ppb) 2020 ²	AL = 90% below 15 ppm	0	Two s	% below 3.8 amples abc	ve 15 ppb
Copper (ppm) 2020 ²	AL = 90% below 1.3 ppm	1.3		6 below 0.1 ample above	
	SECONDAR	Y STANDARDS			
Parameter/Substance (units)	Recommended	Levels (SMCL)	Minimum		
Chloride (ppm) 2020 ²	25	50	19	Average 22	Maximum 28
Fluoride (ppm) 2020 ²	2		0.11	0.13	0.15
Iron (ppm) 2020 ²	0.	3	ND	0.03	0.48
Manganese (ppm) 2020 ²	0.0)5	0.004	0.044	0.094
pH (su) 2020 ²	6.5 - 8.5		7.5	7.68	7.8
Sulfate (ppm) 2020 ²	250		4	9	12
Total Dissolved Solids (ppm) 2020 ²	500		192	209	240
Copper (ppm) 2020 ²	1		ND	0.03	0.14
Total Hardness as CaCO3 (ppm) 2020 ²	N		105	117	148
Zinc (ppm) 2020 ²	5	5	ND	0.04	0.17

Kingwood | TX1010348

Parameter/Substance (units)	Minimum	Average	Maximum			
1-Butanol (ppb)	July 2018 - March 2019	ND	2	2		
Germanium (ppb)	July 2018 - March 2019	ND	0.32	0.34		
Manganese (ppb)	July 2018 - March 2019	3.7	26	49		
Bromide	July 2018 - March 2019	24.2	53	162		
HAA5	July 2018 - March 2019	ND	1	5		
HAA6Br	July 2018 - March 2019	ND	0.8	2.4		
HAA9	July 2018 - March 2019	ND	2	7		

Notes

- 1 For more background information regarding Arsenic please refer to page 4.
- 2 Subject to reduced monitoring requirements. Detected contaminant within the past five years, in the year indicated.
- **3** For more information regarding Unregulated Contaminants please refer to page 4.



Photo by Alex Perez

Willow Chase | TX1011902



GROUND W	ATER	SOURCE
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5 Wells (Evangeline & Chicot Aquifers) at depths greater than 750 feet



CUSTOMERS

13.3K

Parameter/Substance (units)	Highest Level	Ideal (Goal		Detections	Detections	
(sampled in 2021 unless noted)	Allowed (EPA's MCL)	(EPA's M		Minimum	Average	Maximum	
	MONITORED A	WATER P	LANTS				
Arsenic¹ (ppb)	10	0		ND	1.2	2.4	
Barium (ppm)	2	2		0.23	0.24	0.24	
Combined Uranium (ppb)	30	0		ND	1.8	3.6	
Fluoride (ppm)	4	4			0.13 ²		
Gross Alpha (pCi/L)	15	0 ND		2	4		
Nitrate (ppm)	10	10		0.18	0.21	0.25	
Selenium (ppb)	50	50		ND	2	3	
Xylenes, Total (ppb)	10,000	10,00		ND	0.6	3	
MONITORED IN DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM							
Chlorine (Disinfectant) (ppm)	4.0 (MRDL)	<4.0 (MR	DLG)	0.8	1.4	2.9	
Haloacetic Acids (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA) <60	NA			_RAA: ND (no sample resul		
Total Trihalomethanes (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA) <80	NA		Highest LRAA: 3 ppb Individual sample results range not detected to 10 ppb		s range from	
MONITORED AT CUSTOMER TAP							
	AL = 90%				nh		
Lead (ppb) 2020 ³	below 15 ppm	0		90% below 0 ppb Two samples above 15 ppb			
	AL = 90%						
Copper (ppm) 2020 ³	below 1.3 ppm	1.3			90% below 0.3 ppm sample above 1.3 ppm		
	SECONDAR	Y STANDAR	RDS	1			
Parameter/Substance (units)	Recommende				etections		
	(SMCL	.)		nimum	Average	Maximum	
Aluminum (ppm)	0.2			ND	0.01	0.02	
Chloride (ppm)	250				53 ²		
Copper (ppm)	1			ND	0.001	0.002	
Fluoride (ppm)	2				0.13 ²		
Iron (ppm)	0.3	0.3		ND	0.03	0.07	
Manganese (ppm)	0.05			ND	0.001	0.002	
pH (su)	6.5 - 8.	5		I	7.8 ²		
Sulfate (ppm)	250			62			
Total Dissolved Solids (ppm)	500				280 ²		
Total Hardness as CaCO3 (ppm)	NA			164	171	178	

Willow Chase | TX1011902

UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS ⁴						
Parameter/Substance (units)	Dates Monitored	Minimum	Average	Maximum		
Manganese	April - October 2018	ND	0.8	0.8		
Bromide	April - October 2018	113	160	191		
HAA5	April - October 2018	ND	0.1	0.6		
HAA6Br	April - October 2018	ND	0.3	1.1		
HAA9	April - October 2018	ND	0.4	1.1		

Notes

- **1** For more background information regarding Arsenic please refer to page 4.
- 2 Only one sample was required to be taken for this analyte in the year indicated.
- 3 Subject to reduced monitoring requirements. Detected contaminant within the past five years, in the year indicated.
- **4** For more information regarding Unregulated Contaminants please refer to page 4.



Photo by Ethan Sykes

District 73 | TX1011585





CROUND WATER SOURCE

2 Wells (Evangeline & Chicot Aquifers) at depths greater than 750 feet



Parameter/Substance (units)	Highest Level	Ideal Goal		Detection	s		
(sampled in 2021 unless noted)	Allowed (EPA's MCL)	(EPA's MCLG)	Minimum	Average	Maximum		
	MONITORED AT	WATER PLANTS					
Barium (ppm) 2020 ¹	2	2		0.2 ²			
Combined Uranium (ppb) 2020 ¹	30	0		4 ²			
Fluoride (ppm) 2020 ¹	4	4	0.2	0.2	0.2		
Gross Alpha (pCi/L) 2020 ¹	15	0		3 ²			
Xylenes, Total (ppb)	10,000	10,000	ND	0.5	1		
M	ONITORED IN DIST	RIBUTION SYST					
Chlorine (Disinfectant)	4.0 (MRDL)	<4.0 (MRDLG)	0.6	1.5	2		
Haloacetic Acids (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA) <60	NA			not detected) ults were ND.		
Total Trihalomethanes (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA) <80	NA	Highest LRAA: ND (not detected Individual sample results were N				
MONITORED AT CUSTOMER TAP							
Lead (ppb)	AL = 90% below 15 ppb	0	90% below 0 ppb. No sample above 15 ppb.				
Copper (ppm)	AL = 90% below 1.3 ppm	1.3		6 below 0.07 ample above			
	SECONDARY	STANDARDS					
Parameter/Substance (units)	Recommended	Levels (SMCL)		Detection			
			Minimum	Average	Maximum		
Chloride (ppm) 2020 ¹	25	-	18	19	20		
Copper (ppm)	1		ND	0.04	0.18		
Fluoride (ppm) 2020 ¹	2		0.2	0.2	0.2		
Iron (ppm) 2020 ¹	0.3	3		0.089 ²	-		
Manganese (ppm) 2020 ¹	0.0	5		0.026 ²			
pH (su) 2020 ¹	6.5 - 8.5		7.7	7.8	7.9		
Sulfate (ppm) 2020 ¹	25	0	4	4.5	5		
Total Dissolved Solids (ppm) 2020 ¹	50	0	179	181	183		
Total Hardness as CaCO3 (ppm) 2020 ¹	N	Ą		79.3 ²	I		

Notes

- **1** Subject to reduced monitoring requirements. Detected contaminant within the past five years, in the year indicated.
- 2 Only one sample was required to be taken for this analyte in the year indicated.

District 82 | TX1011593

0
Ground Water 100%

CRC	DUND	WAT	TER S	OURCE

102 Wells (Evangeline & Chicot Aquifers) at depths greater than 750 feet



Parameter/Substance (units)	Highest Level	Ideal Goal		Detections		
(sampled in 2021 unless noted)	Allowed (EPA's MCL)	(EPA's MCLG)	Minimum	Average	Maximum	
	MONITORED	AT WATER PLAN	TS			
Barium (ppm)	2	2		0.2 ¹		
Combined Radium (pCi/L)	5	0		1.5 ¹		
Nitrate (ppm)	10	10		0.2 ¹		
	MONITORED IN D	DISTRIBUTION SY	STEM	_		
Chlorine (Disinfectant)	4.0 (MRDL)	<4.0 (MRDLG)	1.02	1.42	1.93	
Haloacetic Acids (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA) <60	NA	Highest LRAA: 2 ppb. Individual sample results range from 1 ppb to 2 ppb.			
Total Trihalomethanes (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA) <80	NA	Highest LRAA: 15 ppb. Individual sample results range from 3 to 15 ppb.			
	MONITORED	AT CUSTOMER T	٩P			
Lead (ppb) 2019 ²	AL = 90% below 15 ppb	0	90% below 3.5 ppb. No sample above 15 ppb			
Copper (ppm) 2019 ²	AL = 90% below 1.3 ppm	1.3		% below 0.12 μ ample above 1		
	SECONDA	RY STANDARDS		·		
Parameter/Substance (units)	Recommended	Levels (SMCL)		Detections		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Minimum	Average	Maximum	
Chloride (ppm)	25	50		16 ¹ 0.003 ¹		
Copper (ppm) Iron (ppm)	0.	۱ ۲		0.003 ¹		
Manganese (ppm)	0.0			0.004		
pH (su)	6.5 -		7.71			
Sulfate (ppm)	25			2 ¹		
Total Dissolved Solids (ppm)	50			178 ¹		
Total Hardness as CaCO3 (ppm)	N	A		102 ¹		
Zinc (ppm)	Ę	5		0.04 ¹		

Notes

- 1 Only one sample was required to be taken for this analyte in the year indicated.
- 2 Subject to reduced monitoring requirements. Detected contaminant within the past five years, in the year indicated.

*February 14-15th, 2021 an Emergency Backup connection with the Commons Water Supply (TX1012978) system was opened to augment water supply during winter storm Uri.

Belleau Wood | TXI011594



MIXED SURFACE WATER & CROUND WATER SOURCES





396

Highest Level Detections Parameter/Substance (units) Ideal Goal Allowed (sampled in 2021 unless noted) (EPA's MCLG) Average Maximum (EPA's MCL MONITORED AT WATER PLANTS Arsenic¹ (ppb) 2020² 10 0 ND 1.8 7.4 Atrazine (ppb) 3 3 ND 0.02 0.11 Barium (ppm) 2020² 2 2 0.13 0.29 0.35 Combined Radium (pCi/L) 2020² 5 0 1.6 3.8 ND Cyanide (ppb) 2020² 200 200 ND 10 50 Fluoride (ppm) 2020² 0.18 0.23 4 4 0.13 Gross Alpha (pCi/L) 20202 15 0 3 4 5 Gross Beta (pCi/L) 2020² 0 ND 2 5 50 Nitrate (ppm) 10 0.1 0.4 10 ND Selenium (ppb) 2020² 50 50 ND 1 4 Simazine (ppb) 0.01 0.07 4 4 ND MONITORED IN DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM Chloramines (Disinfectant) 4.0 (MRDL) <4.0 (MRDLG) 0.6 1.71 4 Highest LRAA: 13 ppb. Yearly Average Haloacetic Acids (ppb) NA Individual sample result was 13 (LRAA) <60 ppb. Highest LRAA: 13 ppb. Yearly Average Individual sample result was 13 Total Trihalomethanes (ppb) NA (LRAA) <80 ppb. MONITORED AT CUSTOMER TAP Lead (ppb) 2019² AL = 90% 90% below 0 ppb. 0 below 15 ppb No sample above 15 ppb 90% below 0.36 ppm. Copper (ppm) 2019² AL = 90%1.3 No sample above 1.3 ppm below 1.3 ppm SECONDARY STANDARDS Detections Parameter/Substance (units) Recommended Levels (SMCL) 250 Chloride (ppm) 2020² 39.4 49 31 Copper (ppm) 2020² ND 0.002 0.004 1

			0.002	0.004
Fluoride (ppm) 2020 ²	2	0.1	0.2	0.2
Iron (ppm) 2020 ²	0.3	0.01	0.03	0.04
Manganese (ppm) 2020 ²	0.05	0.001	0.003	0.009
pH (su) 2020 ²	6.5 – 8.5	7.3	7.72	7.9
Sulfate (ppm) 2020 ²	250	8	11	16
Total Dissolved Solids (ppm) 2020 ²	500	189	256	288
Total Hardness as CaCO3 (ppm) 2020 ²	NA	73	114	138
Zinc (ppm) 2020 ²	5	ND	0.05	0.19

Notes

- **1** For more background information regarding Arsenic please refer to page 4.
- **2** Subject to reduced monitoring requirements. Detected contaminant within the past five years, in the year indicated.

CONTAMIN	ANT SOURCE	S		
		erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production		
Arsenic		wastes		
Atrazine		runoff from herbicide used on row crops		
Barium		discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits		
Chlorine & C		water additives used to control microbes		
Combined Ra		erosion of natural deposits		
Combined U	anium	erosion of natural deposits		
Copper	corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits			
Cyanide	discharge from steel/metal factories; discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories			
Ethylbenzene	9	discharge from petroleum refineries		
		erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories		
		erosion of natural deposits		
Gross Beta		decay of natural and man-made deposits		
Lead		corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits		
Nitrate / Nitrit	e	runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits		
Selenium		discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines		
Simazine		herbicide runoff		
Toluene		discharge from petroleum factories		
		by-product of drinking water disinfection		
Total Trihaloı (TTHMs)	omethanes by-product of drinking water disinfection			
Turbidity		soil runoff		
Xylenes		discharge from petroleum factories; discharge from chemical factories		
DEFINITIO	NS AND ABBR	EVIATIONS		
		on of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water		
AL	system must foll			
HAA5		cid, dichloroacetic acid, monobromoacetic acid, monochloroacetic acid, trichloroacetic acid		
	Bromochloroacetic acid, bromodichloroacetic acid, dibromoacetic acid, dibromochloroacetic acid,			
HAA6Br	nonobromoacetic acid, tribromoacetic acid			
HAA9	Bromochloroacetic acid, bromodichloroacetic acid, chlorodibromoacetic acid, dibromoacetic acid, dichloroacetic acid, monobromoacetic acid, monochloroacetic acid, tribromoacetic acid, tribromoacetic acid			
Level 1		sment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why		
Assessment	total coliform bac	cteria were found.		
Level 2 Assessment	A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an Escherichia coli (E. coli) maximum contaminant level (MCL) violation has occurred and/or why			
LRAA	Locational Runn	cteria were found on multiple occasions. ing Annual Average - average of results taken at specific monitoring location during previous four		
	quarters	minant Loval - highapt loval of a contaminant allowed MOL a second state allowed MOL On which		
MCL	best available tre	minant Level - highest level of a contaminant allowed. MCLs are set as close to MCLGs using eatment technology		
MCLG	Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety			
MRDL		ual Disinfectant Level - highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is ence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants		
MRDLG	Maximum Resid	ual Disinfectant Level Goal - level of drinking water disinfectant below known or expected health o not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants		
NA	Not Applicable			
ND	Not Detected	·		
NTU		belected belected belevited by the second seco		
pCi/L		ies per liter (measure of radioactivity)		
-		· · · ·		
ppb		n or micrograms per liter (μg/L)		
ppm	Parts Per Million or milligrams per liter (mg/L)			
SMCL	Secondary Maximum Contaminant Limit - National Secondary Drinking Water Standards are non-enforceable guidelines regulating contaminants that may cause cosmetic or aesthetic effects in drinking water. The EPA recommends secondary standards but does not require systems to comply with limits			
тт		nnique - required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water		
Turbidity	A measure of cla	arity of drinking water Follow us on social @HouPublicWorks		

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